

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIDMATIONING
AFFLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNET DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/650,892	08/28/2003	Kee Yean Ng	70020885-1	8714
7:	590 09/03/2004	EXAMINER		
AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES, INC.			JACKSON JR, JEROME	
Legal Departme	ent, DL429			
	perty Administration	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
P.O. Box 7599 Loveland, CO 80537-0599			2815	
			DATE MAILED: 09/03/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	^
$\boldsymbol{\sigma}$	٠,
W	7
w	v

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summers	10/650,892	NG ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Jerome Jackson Jr.	2815					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u>.</u> .						
Pa) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This action is non-final.							
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is							
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on 28 August 2003 is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected t Irawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
Attachment(s)							
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:						

Art Unit: 2815

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-14,16-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Roberts '548.

Roberts shows in figures 2-4 an led chip 202, an encapsulant 203, a first terminal 204/209 (column 12 lines 47-651) wider than the chip and with a vertical cross-sectional area approximately 100% of the total encased area, and an adhesive that connects the chip to the terminal (column 10 lines 7-47). Accordingly claim 1 is anticipated or at least obvious over Roberts notwithstanding its rectangular shape. Claims 2 and 3 are rejected as the adhesive should be thermally conductive and may be electrically conductive (col.10 lines 17-26). Claim 4 is rejected as the terminal is enlarged and

Art Unit: 2815

disclosed (col. 23,e.g.).

protrudes from the encapsulation layer. Claim 5 is rejected as the enlarged terminal may be placed adjacent another heat sink (col.10 lines 65-67). Claim 6 is rejected as the enlarged terminal is flush with the encapsulant. See figure 17a for example. Claim 7 is rejected as the enlarged terminal of Roberts may be described as having increased thickness (cols. 9 and 10). There is no exact magnitude of thickness to structurally distinguish over Roberts. Claims 8-12 are rejected as there is a second layer of encapsulant which comprises a lens and covers the led and is attached to the first encapsulant 203 (col.24). In regard to claim 11 note that the first encapsulant can contain fillers (column 26 lines 30-50). In regard to claim 13 solder can be used to attach the led (col.18 lines 27-30). In regard to claim 14 see col.9 lines 45-60. Claims 16 and 17 are rejected as above. Claim 18 is rejected as the thermal resistance of Roberts can be less than claimed (col.28 lines 45-60). Claim 19 is rejected as being anticipated or at lest obvious over the teachings and suggestions of col. 23 and 24 where two different encapsulants are practiced. Claim 20 is rejected as above as fillers are

Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Roberts '548 in view of Roberts '916 and Shaddock '600.

Roberts as above and further in view of '916 and '600 who suggest a 5mm through hole lamp structure. Note that Shaddock and '600 particularly teach cylindrical shape with considerations for thermal design. It is clearly suggested from '548 to practice enlarged terminal design to improve thermal management in cylinder shaped led lamps. Claim 15 is obvious structure. In claims regarding dual encapsulants (claims

Art Unit: 2815

8 and 19) note that both '600 and '916 teach multiple encapsulants to tailor the needs of the device.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jerome Jackson Jr. whose telephone number is 571 272 1730. The examiner can normally be reached on t-th 9-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tom Thomas can be reached on 571 272 1664. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

jj

JEROME/JACKSON PRIMARY EXAMINER